

Material de apoio - Exercícios - Derivadas - Respostas

a) Respostas

$$\begin{array}{llllll}
 f'(x) = 0 & f'(x) = 3 & f'(x) = \frac{1}{3} & f'(x) = 2x & f(x) = x^6 & f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} \\
 f'(x) = -\frac{3}{x^4} & f'(x) = 1 & f'(x) = 100x^{99} & f'(x) = -3x^{-4} & g'(x) = 12 & g'(x) = -5 \\
 g'(x) = \frac{9}{x^2} & g'(x) = 3x & g'(x) = 0 & g'(x) = 0 & g'(x) = 9 & g'(x) = -13x^{-14} \\
 g'(x) = 8x & g'(x) = -x^{-6} & g'(x) = 3^x \ln 3 & g'(x) = 4^x \ln 4 & g'(x) = 100^x \ln 100 & \\
 g'(x) = \frac{1}{10} \cdot 10^x \ln 10 & & g'(x) = e^x & f'(x) = 88x^{10} & f'(x) = -7x^2 & \\
 f'(x) = 1 + 6x & & f'(x) = 10x + 5x^4 & & f'(x) = 3x^2 + 2x + 1 & \\
 f'(x) = 2nx^{n-1} & & f'(x) = 8x + \cos x & & f'(x) = 3x^2 - 6x + 3 & \\
 f'(x) = -1 + \cos x + \operatorname{sen} x & & f'(x) = a - 4x^3 & & f'(x) = 32x^3 - 3^x \ln 3 & \\
 f'(x) = -\operatorname{sen} x - e^x & & f'(x) = 3x^2 - 4^x \ln 4 & f'(x) = 20x^3 - 9 & & \\
 f'(x) = 5^x \ln 5 + e^x + \cos x & & & & &
 \end{array}$$

b) Respostas

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 f'(x) = \frac{3x^2 \sqrt{x^3 + 2}}{2x^3 + 4} & f'(x) = \frac{(2x+1)^3 \sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}}{3x^2 + 3x + 3} \\
 f'(x) = (-2x-1) \operatorname{sen}(x^2 + x) & f'(x) = 2x \cos(x^2) \\
 f'(x) = \cot g(x) & f'(x) = 18x(3x^2 + 1)^2 \\
 f'(x) = -3 \operatorname{sen}(3x) & f'(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2 + 3} \\
 f'(x) = 3e^{3x} & f'(x) = \cos(x) \cdot e^{\operatorname{sen} x} \\
 g'(x) = -\operatorname{sen}(x) \cdot \cos(\cos x) & g'(x) = -e^x \operatorname{sen}(e^x) \\
 g'(x) = -5e^{-5x} & g'(x) = \sec(x) \cdot e^{\operatorname{tg}(x)} \\
 g'(t) = 8t(t^2 + 3)^3 & g'(x) = 3 \sec(3x) \cdot \operatorname{tg}(3x) \\
 g'(x) = -2x \cos \sec^2(x^2) & g'(x) = -2 \cos \sec(2x) \operatorname{cot} g(2x) \\
 g'(x) = \sec^2(x) \cdot \sec(\operatorname{tg} x) \cdot \operatorname{tg}(\operatorname{tg} x) & g'(x) = \frac{(e^x - e^{-x}) \sqrt{e^x + e^{-x}}}{2e^x + 2e^{-x}}
 \end{array}$$

c) Respostas

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 g'(x) = 15x^4 + 4x^3 + 9x^2 + 8x + 1 & g'(x) = a \cos x - b \operatorname{sen} x \quad (a, b \in \mathbb{R}) \\
 g'(x) = x^2(9x^6 + 7x^4 + 12x^3 + 4x + 3) & g'(x) = e^x(\cos x + x \cos x - x \operatorname{sen} x) \\
 g'(x) = x^2 e^x (3+x) & g'(x) = 2x + 2e^x \\
 g'(x) = e^x(x+1) - \operatorname{sen} x & g'(x) = e^x(\operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos x + \cos 2x) \\
 g'(x) = x^3 a^x (4 + x \ln x) & g'(x) = 5x e^x (2+x)
 \end{array}$$

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$$f'(x) = -\frac{14}{x^8}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2x-1}{(x^2+x+1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2}{(x-1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{23}{(3x+2)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-27x^2 + 12x + 70}{(2-9x)^2}$$

d) Respostas

$$g'(x) = 2 \cdot 3^{2x} \ln 3 + 3$$

$$g'(x) = -2xe^{-x^2} + \frac{2}{2x+1}$$

$$g'(x) = -e^{-x} + 2e^{-2x}$$

$$g'(x) = 2x \cdot 2^{x^2} \cdot \ln 2 + 2 \cdot 3^{2x} \cdot \ln 3$$

$$g'(x) = -\sin x \cdot (3 + \cos x)^x \cdot \ln(3 + \cos x)$$

$$f'(x) = (10^x + 10^{-x}) \ln 10$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{4} [\sin(6x) + \sin(4x) + \sin(2x) + 1]$$

$$f'(x) = -\sin(x) e^{\cos x} - e^x \sin(e^x)$$

$$f'(x) = e^{3x} (1 + 3x)$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 e^{-3x} (1 - x)$$

$$f'(x) = \ln(2x+1) + \frac{2x}{2x+1}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{6x^2}{(x^3+1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-1 - 2x - 3x^2}{(1 + x + x^2 + x^3)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = 2x - \frac{2}{x^3}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{6x + 2}{7}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 3}{(1+x)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = e^x (\cos(2x) - 2\sin(2x))$$

$$f'(x) = (x+2)^7 (x+3)^5 (14x+36)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{21x \sqrt[4]{(x+1)^3}}{4x+4}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3 \sin^2(x) \cos^2(x) - \sin^4(x)}{4}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3}{8} [\cos^2(x) - \sin^2(x)]$$

$$f'(x) = \sin^4 x$$

$$f'(x) = -2\sin(x) + 2\sin^3(x)$$

$$f'(x) = \sin^5 x$$